To implement the Federal responsibility for the care and education of the Indian people by improving the services and facilities of Federal Indian health programs and encouraging maximum participation of Indians in such programs and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Indian Health Care Improvement Act".

FINDINGS

Sec. 2. The Congress finds that—

(a) Federal health services to maintain and improve the health of the Indians are consonant with and required by the Federal Government's historical and unique legal relationship with, and resulting responsibility to, the American Indian people.

(b) A major national goal of the United States is to provide the quantity and quality of health services which will permit the health status of Indians to be raised to the highest possible level and to encourage the maximum participation of Indians in the planning and management of those services.

(c) Federal health services to Indians have resulted in a reduction in the prevalence and incidence of preventable illnesses among, and unnecessary and premature deaths of, Indians.

(d) Despite such services, the unmet health needs of the American Indian people are severe and the health status of the Indians is far below that of the general population of the United States. For example, for Indians compared to all Americans in 1971, the tuberculosis death rate was over four and one-half times greater, the influenza and pneumonia death rate over one and one-half times greater, and the infant death rate approximately 29 per cent greater.

(e) All other Federal services and programs in fulfillment of the Federal responsibility to Indians are jeopardized by the low health status of the American Indian people.

(f) Further improvement in Indian health is impeded by:

(1) inadequate, outdated, inefficient, and undermanned facilities. For example, only twenty-four of fifty-one Indian Health Service hospitals are accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals; only thirty-one meet national fire and safety codes; and fifty-two locations with Indian populations have been identified as requiring either new or replacement health centers and stations, or clinics remodeled for improved or additional service;

(2) shortage of personnel. For example, about one-half of the Service hospitals, four-fifths of the Service hospital outpatient clinics, and one-half of the Service health clinics meet only 80 per cent of staffing standards for their respective services;

(3) insufficient services in such areas as laboratory, hospital inpatient and outpatient, eye care and mental health services, and services available through contracts with private physicians, clinics, and agencies. For example, about 90 per cent of the surgical operations needed for otitis media have not been performed, over 57 per cent of required dental services remain to be provided, and about 83 per cent of hearing aids requirements are unmet;

(4) related support factors. For example, over seven hundred housing units are needed for staff at remote Service facilities;
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(5) lack of access of Indians to health services due to remote residences, undeveloped or underdeveloped communication and transportation systems, and difficult, sometimes severe, climate conditions; and

(6) lack of safe water and sanitary waste disposal services.

For example, over thirty-seven thousand four hundred existing and forty-eight thousand nine hundred and sixty planned replacement and renovated Indian housing units need new or upgraded water and sanitation facilities.

(g) The Indian people's growth of confidence in Federal Indian health services is revealed by their increasingly heavy use of such services. Progress toward the goal of better Indian health is dependent on this continued growth of confidence. Both such progress and such confidence are dependent on improved Federal Indian health services.

DECLARATION OF POLICY

25 USC 1602.

Sec. 3. The Congress hereby declares that it is the policy of this Nation, in fulfillment of its special responsibilities and legal obligation to the American Indian people, to meet the national goal of providing the highest possible health status to Indians and to provide existing Indian health services with all resources necessary to effect that policy.

DEFINITIONS

25 USC 1603.

Sec. 4. For purposes of this Act—

(a) "Secretary", unless otherwise designated, means the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare.

(b) "Service" means the Indian Health Service.

(c) "Indians" or "Indian", unless otherwise designated, means any person who is a member of an Indian tribe, as defined in subsection (d) hereof, except that, for the purpose of sections 102, 103, and 201(c) (5), such terms shall mean any individual who (1), irrespective of whether he or she lives on or near a reservation, is a member of a tribe, band, or other organized group of Indians, including those tribes, bands, or groups terminated since 1940 and those recognized now or in the future by the State in which they reside, or who is a descendant, in the first or second degree, of any such member, or (2) is an Eskimo or Aleut or other Alaska Native, or (3) is considered by the Secretary of the Interior to be an Indian for any purpose, or (4) is determined to be an Indian under regulations promulgated by the Secretary.

(d) "Indian tribe" means any Indian tribe, band, nation, or other organized group or community, including any Alaska Native village or group or regional or village corporation as defined in or established pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (85 Stat. 688), which is recognized as eligible for the special programs and services provided by the United States to Indians because of their status as Indians.

(e) "Tribal organization" means the elected governing body of any Indian tribe or any legally established organization of Indians which is controlled by one or more such bodies or by a board of directors elected or selected by one or more such bodies (or elected by the Indian population to be served by such organization) and which includes the maximum participation of Indians in all phases of its activities.

(f) "Urban Indian" means any individual who resides in an urban center, as defined in subsection (g) hereof, and who meets one or more
of the four criteria in subsection (e) (1) through (4) of this section.
(g) "Urban center" means any community which has a sufficient
urban Indian population with unmet health needs to warrant assis-
tance under title V, as determined by the Secretary.
(h) "Urban Indian organization" means a nonprofit corporate body
situated in an urban center, composed of urban Indians, and providing
for the maximum participation of all interested Indian groups and
individuals, which body is capable of legally cooperating with other
public and private entities for the purpose of performing the activities
described in section 503(a).

TITLE I—INDIAN HEALTH MANPOWER

PURPOSE

Sec. 101. The purpose of this title is to augment the inadequate
number of health professionals serving Indians and remove the mul-
tiple barriers to the entrance of health professionals into the Service
and private practice among Indians.

HEALTH PROFESSIONS RECRUITMENT PROGRAM FOR INDIANS

Sec. 102. (a) The Secretary, acting through the Service, shall make
grants to public or nonprofit private health or educational entities or
Indian tribes or tribal organizations to assist such entities in meeting
the costs of—

(1) identifying Indians with a potential for education or training
in the health professions and encouraging and assisting them
(A) to enroll in schools of medicine, osteopathy, dentistry, veterinary
medicine, optometry, podiatry, pharmacy, public health,
nursing, or allied health professions; or (B), if they are not
qualified to enroll in any such school, to undertake such post-
secondary education or training as may be required to qualify
them for enrollment;

(2) publicizing existing sources of financial aid available to
Indians enrolled in any school referred to in clause (1) (A) of
this subsection or who are undertaking training necessary to
qualify them to enroll in any such school; or

(3) establishing other programs which the Secretary determines
will enhance and facilitate the enrollment of Indians, and the
subsequent pursuit and completion by them of courses of study,
in any school referred to in clause (1) (A) of this subsection.

(b) (1) No grant may be made under this section unless an applica-
tion therefor has been submitted to, and approved by, the Secretary.
Such application shall be in such form, submitted in such manner, and
contain such information, as the Secretary shall by regulation pre-
scribe: Provided, That the Secretary shall give a preference to
applications submitted by Indian tribes or tribal organizations.

(2) The amount of any grant under this section shall be determined
by the Secretary. Payments pursuant to grants under this section may
be made in advance or by way of reimbursement, and at such intervals
and on such conditions as the Secretary finds necessary.

(c) For the purpose of making payments pursuant to grants under
this section, there are authorized to be appropriated $300,000 for fiscal
year 1978, $1,500,000 for fiscal year 1979, and $1,800,000 for fiscal year
to be appropriated for such payments such sums as may be specifically
authorized by an Act enacted after this Act.
SEC. 109. (a) The Secretary, acting through the Service, shall make scholarship grants to Indians who—
(1) have successfully completed their high school education or high school equivalency; and
(2) have demonstrated the capability to successfully complete courses of study in schools of medicine, osteopathy, dentistry, veterinary medicine, optometry, podiatry, pharmacy, public health, nursing, or allied health professions.
(b) Each scholarship grant made under this section shall be for a period not to exceed two academic years, which shall be for compensatory preprofessional education of any grantee.
(c) Scholarship grants made under this section may cover costs of tuition, books, transportation, board, and other necessary related expenses.
(d) There are authorized to be appropriated for the purpose of this section: $800,000 for fiscal year 1978, $1,000,000 for fiscal year 1979, and $1,300,000 for fiscal year 1980. For fiscal years 1981, 1982, 1983, and 1984 there are authorized to be appropriated for the purpose of this section such sums as may be specifically authorized by an Act enacted after this Act.

HEALTH PROFESSIONS SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM

SEC. 104. Section 225(i) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 234(e)) is amended (1) by inserting “(1)” after “(1)”, and
(2) by adding at the end the following:
“(2)(A) In addition to the sums authorized to be appropriated under paragraph (1) to carry out the Program, there are authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1978, $5,430,000; for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1979, $6,300,000; for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1980, $7,200,000; and for fiscal years 1981, 1982, 1983, and 1984 such sums as may be specifically authorized by an Act enacted after the Indian Health Care Improvement Act, to provide scholarships under the Program to provide physicians, osteopaths, dentists, veterinarians, nurses, optometrists, podiatrists, pharmacists, public health personnel, and allied health professionals to provide services to Indians. Such scholarships shall be designated Indian Health Scholarships and shall be made in accordance with this section except as provided in subparagraph (B).
“(B)(i) The Secretary, acting through the Indian Health Service, shall determine the individuals who receive the Indian Health Scholarships, shall accord priority to applicants who are Indians, and shall determine the distribution of the scholarships on the basis of the relative needs of Indians for additional service in specific health professions.
“(ii) The active duty service obligation prescribed by subsection (e) shall be met by the recipient of an Indian Health Scholarship by service in the Indian Health Service, in a program assisted under title V of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act, or in the private practice of his profession if, as determined by the Secretary in accordance with guidelines promulgated by him, such practice is situated in a physician or other health professional shortage area and addresses the health care needs of a substantial number of Indians.
“(C) For purposes of this paragraph, the term ‘Indians’ has the same meaning given that term by subsection (c) of section 4 of the
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Indian Health Care Improvement Act and includes individuals described in clauses (1) through (4) of that subsection."

ANTE, p. 1401.

INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE EXtern PROGRAMS

SEC. 105. (a) Any individual who receives a scholarship grant pursuant to section 104 shall be entitled to employment in the Service during any nonacademic period of the year. Periods of employment pursuant to this subsection shall not be counted in determining the fulfillment of the service obligation incurred as a condition of the scholarship grant.

(b) Any individual enrolled in a school of medicine, osteopathy, dentistry, veterinary medicine, optometry, podiatry, pharmacy, public health, nursing, or allied health professions may be employed by the Service during any nonacademic period of the year. Any such employment shall not exceed one hundred and twenty days during any calendar year.

(c) Any employment pursuant to this section shall be made without regard to any competitive personnel system or agency personnel limitation and to a position which will enable the individual so employed to receive practical experience in the health profession in which he or she is engaged in study. Any individual so employed shall receive payment for his or her services comparable to the salary he or she would receive if he or she were employed in the competitive system. Any individual so employed shall not be counted against any employment ceiling affecting the Service or the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare.

(d) There are authorized to be appropriated for the purpose of this section: $600,000 for fiscal year 1978, $800,000 for fiscal year 1979, and $1,000,000 for fiscal year 1980. For fiscal years 1981, 1982, 1983, and 1984 there are authorized to be appropriated for the purpose of this section such sums as may be specifically authorized by an Act enacted after this Act.

CONTINUING EDUCATION ALLOWANCES

SEC. 106. (a) In order to encourage physicians, dentists, and other health professionals to join or continue in the Service and to provide their services in the rural and remote areas where a significant portion of the Indian people resides, the Secretary, acting through the Service, may provide allowances to health professionals employed in the Service to enable them for a period of time each year prescribed by regulation of the Secretary to take leave of their duty stations for professional consultation and refresher training courses.

(b) There are authorized to be appropriated for the purpose of this section: $100,000 for fiscal year 1978, $200,000 for fiscal year 1979, and $250,000 for fiscal year 1980. For fiscal years 1981, 1982, 1983, and 1984 there are authorized to be appropriated for the purpose of this section such sums as may be specifically authorized by an Act enacted after this Act.

TITLE II—HEALTH SERVICES

HEALTH SERVICES

SEC. 201. (a) For the purpose of eliminating backlogs in Indian health care services and to supply known, unmet medical, surgical,
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dental, optometrical, and other Indian health needs, the Secretary is
authorized to expend, through the Service, over the seven-fiscal-year
period beginning after the date of the enactment of this Act the
amounts authorized to be appropriated by subsection (c). Funds
appropriated pursuant to this section for each fiscal year shall not be
used to offset or limit the appropriations required by the Service
under other Federal laws to continue to serve the health needs of
Indians during and subsequent to such seven-fiscal-year period, but
shall be in addition to the level of appropriations provided to the
Service under this Act and such other Federal laws in the preceding
fiscal year plus an amount equal to the amount required to cover pay
increases and employee benefits for personnel employed under this
Act and such laws and increases in the costs of serving the health needs
of Indians under this Act and such laws, which increases are caused
by inflation.

(b) The Secretary, acting through the Service, is authorized to
employ persons to implement the provisions of this section during the
seven-fiscal-year period in accordance with the schedule provided in
subsection (c). Such positions authorized each fiscal year pursuant
to this section shall not be considered as offsetting or limiting the per-
sonnel required by the Service to serve the health needs of Indians
during and subsequent to such seven-fiscal-year period but shall be in
addition to the positions authorized in the previous fiscal year.

(c) The following amounts and positions are authorized, in accordance
with the provisions of subsections (a) and (b), for the specific purposes noted:

1. Patient care (direct and indirect): sums and positions as
provided in subsection (e) for fiscal year 1978, $8,500,000 and two
hundred and twenty-five positions for fiscal year 1979, and
$16,200,000 and three hundred positions for fiscal year 1980.

2. Field health, excluding dental care (direct and indirect):
sums and positions as provided in subsection (e) for fiscal year
1978, $3,250,000 and eighty-five positions for fiscal year 1979, and
$5,700,000 and one hundred and thirteen positions for fiscal year
1980.

3. Dental care (direct and indirect): sums and positions as
provided in subsection (e) for fiscal year 1978, $1,500,000 and eighty
positions for fiscal year 1979, and $1,500,000 and fifty positions
for fiscal year 1980.

4. Mental health: (A) Community mental health services:
sums and positions as provided in subsection (e) for fiscal year
1978, $1,300,000 and thirty positions for fiscal year 1979, and
$2,000,000 and thirty positions for fiscal year 1980.

(B) Inpatient mental health services: sums and positions as
provided in subsection (e) for fiscal year 1978, $400,000 and fifteen
positions for fiscal year 1979, and $600,000 and fifteen positions
for fiscal year 1980.

(C) Model dormitory mental health services: sums and
positions as provided in subsection (e) for fiscal year 1978, $1,250,000
and fifty positions for fiscal year 1979, and $1,875,000 and fifty
positions for fiscal year 1980.

(D) Therapeutic and residential treatment centers: sums and
positions as provided in subsection (e) for fiscal year 1978,
$300,000 and ten positions for fiscal year 1979, and $400,000 and
five positions for fiscal year 1980.

(E) Training of traditional Indian practitioners in mental
health: sums as provided in subsection (e) for fiscal year 1978,
$150,000 for fiscal year 1979, and $200,000 for fiscal year 1980.
(5) Treatment and control of alcoholism among Indians: $4,000,000 for fiscal year 1978, $9,000,000 for fiscal year 1979, and $9,200,000 for fiscal year 1980.

(6) Maintenance and repair (direct and indirect): sums and positions as provided in subsection (e) for fiscal year 1978, $3,000,000 and twenty positions for fiscal year 1979, and $4,000,000 and thirty positions for fiscal year 1980.

(7) For fiscal years 1981, 1982, 1983, and 1984 there are authorized to be appropriated for the items referred to in the preceding paragraphs such sums as may be specifically authorized by an Act enacted after this Act. For such fiscal years, positions are authorized for such items (other than the items referred to in paragraphs (4)(E) and (5)) as may be specified in an Act enacted after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(d) The Secretary, acting through the Service, shall expend directly or by contract not less than 1 per centum of the funds appropriated under the authorizations in each of the clauses (1) through (5) of subsection (c) for research in each of the areas of Indian health care for which such funds are authorized to be appropriated.

(e) For fiscal year 1978, the Secretary is authorized to apportion not to exceed a total of $10,035,000 and 425 positions for the programs enumerated in clauses (c)(1) through (4) and (c)(6) of this section.

TITLE III—HEALTH FACILITIES

CONSTRUCTION AND RENOVATION OF SERVICE FACILITIES

Sec. 301. (a) The Secretary, acting through the Service, is authorized to expend over the seven-fiscal-year period beginning after the date of the enactment of this Act the sums authorized by subsection (b) for the construction and renovation of hospitals, health centers, health stations, and other facilities of the Service.

(b) The following amounts are authorized to be appropriated for purposes of subsection (a):

1. Hospitals: $67,150,000 for fiscal year 1978, $73,256,000 for fiscal year 1979, and $49,742,000 for fiscal year 1980. For fiscal years 1981, 1982, 1983, and 1984, there are authorized to be appropriated for hospitals such sums as may be specifically authorized by an Act enacted after this Act.

2. Health centers and health stations: $6,360,000 for fiscal year 1978, $6,296,000 for fiscal year 1979, and $3,720,000 for fiscal year 1980. For fiscal years 1981, 1982, 1983, and 1984, there are authorized to be appropriated for health centers and health stations such sums as may be specifically authorized by an Act enacted after this Act.

3. Staff housing: $1,242,000 for fiscal year 1978, $2,173,000 for fiscal year 1979, and $4,116,000 for fiscal year 1980. For fiscal years 1981, 1982, 1983, and 1984, there are authorized to be appropriated for staff housing such sums as may be specifically authorized by an Act enacted after this Act.

(c) Prior to the expenditure of, or the making of any firm commitment to expend, any funds authorized in subsection (a), the Secretary, acting through the Service shall—

(1) consult with any Indian tribe to be significantly affected by any such expenditure for the purpose of determining and, wherever practicable, honoring tribal preferences concerning the
size, location, type, and other characteristics of any facility on which such expenditure is to be made; and
(2) be assured that, wherever practicable, such facility, not later than one year after its construction or renovation, shall meet the standards of the Joint Committee on Accreditation of Hospitals.

CONSTRUCTION OF SAFE WATER AND SANITARY WASTE DISPOSAL FACILITIES

25 USC 1632.
Sec. 302. (a) During the seven-fiscal-year period beginning after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary is authorized to expend under section 7 of the Act of August 5, 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2004a), the sums authorized under subsection (b) to supply unmet needs for safe water and sanitary waste disposal facilities in existing and new Indian homes and communities.

(b) For expenditures of the Secretary authorized by subsection (a) for facilities in existing Indian homes and communities there are authorized to be appropriated $48,000,000 for fiscal year 1978, $30,000,000 for fiscal year 1979, and $30,000,000 for fiscal year 1980. For expenditures of the Secretary authorized by subsection (a) for facilities in new Indian homes and communities there are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for fiscal years 1978, 1979, and 1980. For fiscal years 1981, 1982, 1983, and 1984 for expenditures authorized by subsection (a) there are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be specifically authorized in an Act enacted after this Act.

(c) Former and currently federally recognized Indian tribes in the State of New York shall be eligible for assistance under this section.

PREFERENCE TO INDIANS AND INDIAN FIRMS

25 USC 1633.
Sec. 303. (a) The Secretary, acting through the Service, may utilize the negotiating authority of the Act of June 28, 1910 (25 U.S.C. 47), to give preference to any Indian or any enterprise, partnership, corporation, or other type of business organization owned and controlled by an Indian or Indians including former or currently federally recognized Indian tribes in the State of New York (hereinafter referred to as an “Indian firm”) in the construction and renovation of Service facilities pursuant to section 301 and in the construction of safe water and sanitary waste disposal facilities pursuant to section 302. Such preference may be accorded by the Secretary unless he finds, pursuant to rules and regulations promulgated by him, that the project or function to be contracted for will not be satisfactory or such project or function cannot be properly completed or maintained under the proposed contract. The Secretary, in arriving at his finding, shall consider whether the Indian or Indian firm will be deficient with respect to (1) ownership and control by Indians, (2) equipment, (3) bookkeeping and accounting procedures, (4) substantive knowledge of the project or function to be contracted for, (5) adequately trained personnel, or (6) other necessary components of contract performance.

(b) For the purpose of implementing the provisions of this title, the Secretary shall assure that the rates of pay for personnel engaged in the construction or renovation of facilities constructed or renovated in whole or in part by funds made available pursuant to this title are not less than the prevailing local wage rates for similar work as determined in accordance with the Act of March 3, 1931 (40 U.S.C. 276a-276a-5, known as the Davis-Bacon Act).
SOBOBA SANITATION FACILITIES

Sec. 304. The Act of December 17, 1970 (84 Stat. 1465), is hereby amended by adding the following new section 9 at the end thereof:

"Sec. 9. Nothing in this Act shall preclude the Soboba Band of Mission Indians and the Soboba Indian Reservation from being provided with sanitation facilities and services under the authority of section 7 of the Act of August 5, 1954 (68 Stat. 674), as amended by the Act of July 31, 1969 (73 Stat. 367)."

42 USC 2004a.

TITLE IV—ACCESS TO HEALTH SERVICES

ELIGIBILITY OF INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE FACILITIES UNDER MEDICARE PROGRAM

Sec. 401. (a) Sections 1814(c) and 1835(d) of the Social Security Act are each amended by striking out "No payment" and inserting in lieu thereof "Subject to section 1880, no payment".

(b) Part C of title XVIII of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE FACILITIES

"Sec. 1880. (a) A hospital or skilled nursing facility of the Indian Health Service, whether operated by such Service or by an Indian tribe or tribal organization (as those terms are defined in section 4 of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act), shall be eligible for payments under this title, notwithstanding sections 1814(c) and 1835(d), if and for so long as it meets all of the conditions and requirements for such payments which are applicable generally to hospitals or skilled nursing facilities (as the case may be) under this title.

(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), a hospital or skilled nursing facility of the Indian Health Service which does not meet all of the conditions and requirements of this title which are applicable generally to hospitals or skilled nursing facilities (as the case may be), but which submits to the Secretary within six months after the date of the enactment of this section an acceptable plan for achieving compliance with such conditions and requirements, shall be deemed to meet such conditions and requirements (and to be eligible for payments under this title), without regard to the extent of its actual compliance with such conditions and requirements, during the first 12 months after the month in which such plan is submitted.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, payments to which any hospital or skilled nursing facility of the Indian Health Service is entitled by reason of this section shall be placed in a special fund to be held by the Secretary and used by him (to such extent as are provided in appropriation Acts) exclusively for the purpose of making any improvements in the hospitals and skilled nursing facilities of such Service which may be necessary to achieve compliance with the applicable conditions and requirements of this title. The preceding sentence shall cease to apply when the Secretary determines and certifies that substantially all of the hospitals and skilled nursing facilities of such Service in the United States are in compliance with such conditions and requirements.

(d) The annual report of the Secretary which is required by section 701 of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act shall include (along with the matters specified in section 403 of such Act) a detailed

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statement of the status of the hospitals and skilled nursing facilities of the Service in terms of their compliance with the applicable conditions and requirements of this title and of the progress being made by such hospitals and facilities (under plans submitted under subsection (b) and otherwise) toward the achievement of such compliance."

(c) Any payments received for services provided to beneficiaries hereunder shall not be considered in determining appropriations for health care and services to Indians.

(d) Nothing herein authorizes the Secretary to provide services to an Indian beneficiary with coverage under title XVIII of the Social Security Act, as amended, in preference to an Indian beneficiary without such coverage.

SERVICES PROVIDED TO MEDICARE ELIGIBLE INDIANS

42 USC 1396. Sec. 402. (a) Title XIX of the Social Security Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE FACILITIES

42 USC 1396.

Eligibility for reimbursement.
42 USC 1396j.

"Sec. 111. (a) A facility of the Indian Health Service (including a hospital, intermediate care facility, or skilled nursing facility) whether operated by such Service or by an Indian tribe or tribal organization (as those terms are defined in section 4 of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act), shall be eligible for reimbursement for medical assistance provided under a State plan if and for so long as it meets all of the conditions and requirements which are applicable generally to such facilities under this title.

"(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), a facility of the Indian Health Service (including a hospital, intermediate care facility, or skilled nursing facility) which does not meet all of the conditions and requirements of this title which are applicable generally to such facility, but which submits to the Secretary within six months after the date of the enactment of this section an acceptable plan for achieving compliance with such conditions and requirements, shall be deemed to meet such conditions and requirements (and to be eligible for reimbursement under this title), without regard to the extent of its actual compliance with such conditions and requirements, during the first twelve months after the month in which such plan is submitted."

(b) The Secretary is authorized to enter into agreements with the appropriate State agency for the purpose of reimbursing such agency for health care and services provided in Service facilities to Indians who are eligible for medical assistance under title XIX of the Social Security Act, as amended.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, payments to which any facility of the Indian Health Service (including a hospital, intermediate care facility, or skilled nursing facility) is entitled under a State plan approved under title XIX of the Social Security Act by reason of section 111 of such Act shall be placed in a special fund to be held by the Secretary and used by him (to such extent or in such amounts as are provided in appropriation Acts) exclusively for the purpose of making any improvements in the facilities of such Service which may be necessary to achieve compliance with the applicable conditions and requirements of such title. The preceding sentence shall cease to apply when the Secretary determines and certifies that substantially all of the health facilities of such Service in the United States are in compliance with such conditions and requirements.
(d) Any payments received for services provided recipients hereunder shall not be considered in determining appropriations for the provision of health care and services to Indians.

(a) Section 1905(b) of the Social Security Act is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following: "Notwithstanding the first sentence of this section, the Federal medical assistance percentage shall be 100 per centum with respect to amounts expended as medical assistance for services which are received through an Indian Health Service facility whether operated by the Indian Health Service or by an Indian tribe or tribal organization (as defined in section 4 of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act)."

REPORT

SEC. 403. The Secretary shall include in his annual report required by section 701 an accounting on the amount and use of funds made available to the Service pursuant to this title as a result of reimbursements through titles XVIII and XIX of the Social Security Act, as amended.

TITLE V—HEALTH SERVICES FOR URBAN INDIANS

PURPOSE

SEC. 501. The purpose of this title is to encourage the establishment of programs in urban areas to make health services more accessible to the urban Indian population.

CONTRACTS WITH URBAN INDIAN ORGANIZATIONS

SEC. 502. The Secretary, acting through the Service, shall enter into contracts with urban Indian organizations to assist such organizations to establish and administer, in the urban centers in which such organizations are situated, programs which meet the requirements set forth in sections 503 and 504.

CONTRACT ELIGIBILITY

SEC. 503. (a) The Secretary, acting through the Service, shall place such conditions as he deems necessary to effect the purpose of this title in any contract which he makes with any urban Indian organization pursuant to this title. Such conditions shall include, but are not limited to, requirements that the organization successfully undertake the following activities:

1. determine the population of urban Indians which are or could be recipients of health referral or care services;
2. identify all public and private health service resources within the urban center in which the organization is situated which are or may be available to urban Indians;
3. assist such resources in providing service to such urban Indians;
4. assist such urban Indians in becoming familiar with and utilizing such resources;
5. provide basic health education to such urban Indians;
6. establish and implement manpower training programs to accomplish the referral and education tasks set forth in clauses (3) through (5) of this subsection;
7. identify gaps between unmet health needs of urban Indians and the resources available to meet such needs.

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(8) make recommendations to the Secretary and Federal, State, local, and other resource agencies on methods of improving health service programs to meet the needs of urban Indians; and

(9) where necessary, provide or contract for health care services to urban Indians.

(b) The Secretary, acting through the Service, shall by regulation prescribe the criteria for selecting urban Indian organizations with which to contract pursuant to this title. Such criteria shall, among other factors, take into consideration:

(1) the extent of the unmet health care needs of urban Indians in the urban center involved;

(2) the size of the urban Indian population which is to receive assistance;

(3) the relative accessibility which such population has to health care services in such urban center;

(4) the extent, if any, to which the activities set forth in subsection (a) would duplicate any previous or current public or private health services project funded by another source in such urban center;

(5) the appropriateness and likely effectiveness of the activities set forth in subsection (a) in such urban center;

(6) the existence of an urban Indian organization capable of performing the activities set forth in subsection (a) and of entering into a contract with the Secretary pursuant to this title; and

(7) the extent of existing or likely future participation in the activities set forth in subsection (a) by appropriate health and health-related Federal, State, local, and other resource agencies.

OTHER CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS

25 USC 1654.

Sec. 504. (a) Contracts with urban Indian organizations pursuant to this title shall be in accordance with all Federal contracting laws and regulations except that, in the discretion of the Secretary, such contracts may be negotiated without advertising and need not conform to the provisions of the Act of August 24, 1935 (48 Stat. 793), as amended.

(b) Payments under any contracts pursuant to this title may be made in advance or by way of reimbursement and in such installments and on such conditions as the Secretary deems necessary to carry out the purposes of this title.

(c) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the Secretary may, at the request or consent of an urban Indian organization, revise or amend any contract made by him with such organization pursuant to this title as necessary to carry out the purposes of this title: Provided, however, That whenever an urban Indian organization requests retrocession of the Secretary for any contract entered into pursuant to this title, such retrocession shall become effective upon a date specified by the Secretary not more than one hundred and twenty days from the date of the request by the organization or at such later date as may be mutually agreed to by the Secretary and the organization.

(d) In connection with any contract made pursuant to this title, the Secretary may permit an urban Indian organization to utilize, in carrying out such contract, existing facilities owned by the Federal Government within his jurisdiction under such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon for their use and maintenance.

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(e) Contracts with urban Indian organizations and regulations adopted pursuant to this title shall include provisions to assure the fair and uniform provision to urban Indians of services and assistance under such contracts by such organizations.

REPORTS AND RECORDS

Sec. 505. For each fiscal year during which an urban Indian organization receives or expends funds pursuant to a contract under this title, such organization shall submit to the Secretary a report including information gathered pursuant to section 503(a) (7) and (8), information on activities conducted by the organization pursuant to the contract, an accounting of the amounts and purposes for which Federal funds were expended, and such other information as the Secretary may request. The reports and records of the urban Indian organization with respect to such contract shall be subject to audit by the Secretary and the Comptroller General of the United States.

AUTHORIZATIONS

Sec. 506. There are authorized to be appropriated for the purpose of this title: $5,000,000 for fiscal year 1978, $10,000,000 for fiscal year 1979, and $15,000,000 for fiscal year 1980.

REVIEW OF PROGRAM

Sec. 507. Within six months after the end of fiscal year 1979, the Secretary, acting through the Service and with the assistance of urban Indian organizations which have entered into contracts pursuant to this title, shall review the program established under this title and submit to the Congress his assessment thereof and recommendations for any further legislative efforts he deems necessary to meet the purpose of this title.

RURAL HEALTH PROJECTS

Sec. 508. Not to exceed 1 per centum of the amounts authorized by section 506 shall be available for not to exceed two pilot projects providing outreach services to eligible Indians residing in rural communities near Indian reservations.

TITLE VI—AMERICAN INDIAN SCHOOL OF MEDICINE; FEASIBILITY STUDY

FEASIBILITY STUDY

Sec. 601. The Secretary, in consultation with Indian tribes and appropriate Indian organizations, shall conduct a study to determine the need for, and the feasibility of, establishing a school of medicine to train Indians to provide health services for Indians. Within one year of the date of the enactment of this Act the Secretary shall complete such study and shall report to the Congress findings and recommendations based on such study.
Report to the President and Congress, 25 USC 1671.

Program review, submittal to Congress.

Sec. 701. The Secretary shall report annually to the President and the Congress on progress made in effecting the purposes of this Act. Within three months after the end of fiscal year 1979, the Secretary shall review expenditures and progress made under this Act and make recommendations to the Congress concerning any additional authorizations for fiscal years 1981 through 1984 for programs authorized under this Act which he deems appropriate. In the event the Congress enacts legislation authorizing appropriations for programs under this Act for fiscal years 1981 through 1984, within three months after the end of fiscal year 1983, the Secretary shall review programs established or assisted pursuant to this Act and shall submit to the Congress his assessment and recommendations of additional programs or additional assistance necessary to, at a minimum, provide health services to Indians, and insure a health status for Indians, which are at a parity with the health services available to, and the health status, of the general population.

Consultation, 25 USC 1672.

Publication in Federal Register.

Rules or regulations, proposed revision or amendment; publication in Federal Register.

Sec. 702. (a) (1) Within six months from the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall, to the extent practicable, consult with national and regional Indian organizations to consider and formulate appropriate rules and regulations to implement the provisions of this Act.

(2) Within eight months from the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall publish proposed rules and regulations in the Federal Register for the purpose of receiving comments from interested parties.

(3) Within ten months from the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall promulgate rules and regulations to implement the provisions of this Act.

(b) The Secretary is authorized to revise and amend any rules or regulations promulgated pursuant to this Act: Provided, That, prior to any revision of or amendment to such rules or regulations, the Secretary shall, to the extent practicable, consult with appropriate national or regional Indian organizations and shall publish any proposed revision or amendment in the Federal Register not less than sixty days prior to the effective date of such revision or amendment in order to provide adequate notice to, and receive comments from, other interested parties.

Plan of Implementation

Sec. 703. Within two hundred and forty days after enactment of this Act, a plan will be prepared by the Secretary and will be submitted to the Congress. The plan will explain the manner and schedule (including a schedule of appropriation requests), by title and section, by which the Secretary will implement the provisions of this Act.

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LEASES WITH INDIAN TRIBES

Sec. 704. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary 25 USC 1674. is authorized, in carrying out the purposes of this Act, to enter into leases with Indian tribes for periods not in excess of twenty years.

AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS

Sec. 705. The funds appropriated pursuant to this Act shall remain 25 USC 1675. available until expended.

Approved September 30, 1976.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 94-1026 part I and 94-1026 part 4 (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs), No. 94-1026 pt. II (Comm. on Ways and Means), and No. 94-1026 pt. III (Comm. on Interstate and Foreign Commerce) all accompanying H.R. 2525.

SENATE REPORT No. 94-133 (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD:


Sept. 9, Senate concurred in House amendment with an amendment.

Sept. 16, House concurred in Senate amendment.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS:


90 STAT. 1414